

PERISHING IS PLANNING QUICK DASHES SOUTH WARSHIPS ARE MADE READY TO HURRY SOUTH AT FIRST SIGN OF HOSTILITY ON THE PART OF MEXICANS EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO CAPTURE RAILROAD

Threats of General Trevino, Mexican Commander, to Make an Attack on Pershing's Men Will Not Be Paid Any Attention to by American Forces in Mexico.

NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES IS TO BE RUSHED TO BORDER AS SPEEDILY AS POSSIBLE

Second Regiment of West Virginia is to Be Sent to the Mexican Border in Response to the Call Issued by the President of the United States.

(By Associated Press.)

COLUMBUS, N. M., June 19.—Notwithstanding the threat of General Trevino, the Mexican commander, to attack him if he moved in any direction except toward the border, General Pershing, commander of the American expeditionary force in Mexico, is said to be quietly laying plans for quick dashes north and south at the first sign of hostilities. His plans, it is believed by observers, are to gain possession of the Mexican northwestern railroad, which practically commands the territory adjacent to his line of communication. General Pershing's men slept on their arms last night.

The American commander is in receipt daily of information regarding defacto Mexican government troop movements. Natives treated kindly by the Americans have voluntarily supplied valuable information.

SECOND INFANTRY OF STATE CALLED

(By Associated Press.)

CHARLESTON, June 19.—General John C. Bond, commanding the national guard of West Virginia, today selected the Second regiment as the command which will be taken into the federal service in answer to President Wilson's call. Companies of the Second are located as follows:

Three in Huntington, two in Parkersburg, two in Charleston, and one each in Ravenswood, Spencer, Bluefield, Welch and Fayetteville. Officers of the medical corps and quartermaster departments are called for duty only in the mobilization camps unless they are needed later for service at the front. Terra Alta, the mobilization point selected by the war department, is considered most inaccessible and General Bond has asked the department to change it to a place more conveniently located.

OHIO SOLDIERS ARE PREPARING TO CAMP

(By Associated Press.)

COLUMBUS, June 19.—Mobilization orders were sent today by Adjutant General Benson W. Haw, of the Ohio National Guard in accordance with war department orders, following President Wilson's call upon the militiamen of every state.

Preparations for a camp site at Upper Arlington, five miles northwest of here, were begun today. At this camp will be concentrated 5,000 men of the Ohio National Guard, the entire organization with the exception of the First and Seventh regiments.

MANY SOLDIERS ARE MOBILIZING

(By Associated Press.)

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—Nearly 15,000 national guardsmen were being mobilized in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware today for border duty in accordance with the call of the war department.

Virtually the entire guard of the three states was included in the call. The only regiments in Pennsylvania not included are the Ninth and Thirteenth, which have their headquarters respectively in Wilkes Barre and Scranton. Under the war department orders, approximately 9,500 men would be mobilized in this state and should the organization be recruited to war strength it would increase the number to about 20,000. Adjutant General Stewart was expected to issue orders today designating the organizations to be mobilized and instructed them when to report at Mt. Gretna. The major general commanding the division of Charles M. Clement, of Sunbury, Governor Brumbaugh said that "Pennsylvania, as in the past will do her fullest duty." Plans for mobilization had been worked out long in advance of last night's order and only the official call was needed to set the system in order.

BONUS BALLOT IS GIVEN IN CONTEST

In Addition to the Regular Votes on Each Subscription Given in the Club.

The booster week announcement in Sunday's issue has caused considerable excitement and generated a lot of enthusiasm among the members of the "10,000 Club" who are getting in line for their share of the \$4,350.00 in prizes which the Telegram is going to distribute on the 29th of July.

Here is something real and tangible to work for—a mark by which to gauge your efforts. With every club of \$15 worth of business which you bring in this week, a bonus ballot good for 30,000 extra votes will be given in addition to the regular votes on each subscription. The subscrip-

tions may be either new or renewal, for any length of time from six months up.

If you are now a member of the "10,000 Club" your aim should be high enough to include getting in several of these clubs this week. Of course, there are some who may think that the writer is saying this just to boost the Telegram, but there is another reason than this. By starting now you get the percentage in your favor. You secure the advantage that always goes with the early start, and get a lead on the other club members that they will have to battle hard to overcome.

Besides subscriptions and votes will come twice as easy now for the field has not even been scratched and you have everything your own way. Be a booster—you will find it pays big.

COMPANY K IS READY SAYS CAPT. WILLIAMS

Local Company is Sixty-Five Strong and Completely Equipped.

Company K, First Regiment, West Virginia National Guard, sixty-five strong, are all ready and anxiously awaiting orders to mobilize and move to any point in the United States according to Captain Glen F. Williams of the company.

In a conversation with a representative of the Telegram Monday Captain Williams said his company was one of the four leading companies in the first regiment according to a rating of the division military affairs of Washington, of which General Albert L. Mills is chief. This rating was given at the last encampment and the four leading companies are, Company 1, Morgan; Company 2, Martinsburg; and Company 3, Fairmont.

The local company is completely equipped with the same equipment used by the United States army, all

the latest and most modern instruments of warfare are included in this equipment.

Since President Wilson called upon only one regiment of the West Virginia guard, Adjutant General John F. Bond, of Charleston has been a little slow in issuing orders as to what regiment or what companies of the two regiments will be mobilized. But in all probability a provisional regiment of the best companies in the two regiments will be sent. If this happens to be the case Company K is almost sure to be among one of the first companies selected.

Other local men who will be called are R. L. Osborn, lieutenant colonel, of the First regiment, West Virginia National Guard; Cuthbert A. Osborn, major, inspector general's department, and Claude Gore, first lieutenant and battalion adjutant, in the First battalion of the First regiment, commanded by Major John H. Charneck, who is at present assistant to the adjutant general at Charleston.

CARRANZA'S DEMAND REJECTED BY WILSON

Chief Executive of the United States Refuses to Withdraw American Troops.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—While the whole country was astir today with the mobilization of the national guard for border duty, President Wilson directed that his reply, rejecting General Carranza's demand for the recall of American troops from Mexico go forward immediately.

In refusing to withdraw the troops the United States reaffirms the friendly intention of the United States toward the defacto government in Mexico and sharply rebukes General Carranza for unwarranted charges and insinuations of bad faith contained in his communication.

President Wilson's firm resolve to keep the armed forces of the United States in Mexico until such time as the Mexican government policies the border region so thoroughly that bandit raids into American territory are improbable is understood to be clearly stated in the note.

Whether the suggestion of the Democratic platform plank that intervention be undertaken as a last resort also was communicated is not known.

Secretary Lansing said the note would be despatched during the day but would not discuss its terms or say how it would be transmitted. It had

been planned to send it by special messenger to the Mexican capital following the precedent set by General Carranza in transmitting his own demand. Recent developments along the border and General Trevino's warning to General Pershing, however, caused the wisdom of this plan to be discussed, and there were indications today that the reply would go by telegraph. Mr. Lansing intimated that its text might be made public here tonight.

While these diplomatic steps were in progress a force of national guardsmen, which will not be less than 100,000 strong, was being mustered into the service of the United States government. Governors of all states had replied before noon today to instructions sent last night that their allotted troops be immediately called out. In each instance Secretary Baker was informed that the orders had been given and the men were arming and proceeding to their state mobilization points.

From both coasts also additional naval vessels were under orders to proceed to Mexican waters for the relief of Americans who may gather from the interior. Light craft and transports only are engaged in this service. If necessary they will be able to go up shallow waters after refugees. Considerable anxiety is felt for the safety of American citizens of whom there are still about 5,000 in Mexico, including 1,000 in the capital.

MILITIA OF ALL THE STATES IS MOBILIZING NOW FOR DUTY

MEXICANS ARE NEAR JUAREZ IN NUMBERS

Seventeen Thousand Troops Said to Be Moving against Pershing Field Base.

EL PASO, June 19.—Developments in the Mexican situation, crowding one on the heels of the other in the last thirty-six hours, caused excitement today equal to the crossing of the border by the American expeditionary command at Columbus, N. M., more than three months ago. American military authorities admitted that every preparation had been made for eventualities, but asserted that no trouble is anticipated in this immediate locality. General George Bell, commanding the El Paso military district, seemed confident today that with the 3,500 troops on station here, he is prepared to cope with any emergency.

Some consideration, however, was given a rumor that a body of Carranza soldiers estimated at 5,000 is encamped about twenty miles south of Juarez, prepared to reinforce the garrison of 4,000, and that 8,000 Carranza troops left Villa Ahmuda, eighty-three miles south, yesterday for El Valle, southeast of Durango, one of General Pershing's field bases. This report, however, could not be confirmed.

Arming All Males. Reports also were current that General Trevino, Carranza commander of the army of the North, is arming all male citizens above the age of 18, following his recruiting campaign for which orders were issued by the Mexican minister of war.

Now that the fourth expedition had been withdrawn from Mexico after a brief campaign and Secretary Baker's statement that the new call for national guardsmen is for border duty only and not for increasing General Pershing's command had a quieting effect in Juarez as it filtered through to the masses of the people. While large numbers of persons gathered about the plaza the excitement was confined largely to speculation. With the military on both sides of the river taking increased precautions no demonstrations were attempted. So far as is known here only about ten Americans other than expeditionary soldiers remain in Chihuahua. Apprehension was manifested for the five at Parral, all of whom are employees of American mining companies. They have been directed to leave Parral if possible for the border today. The remainder at Chihuahua City are said to be protected by powerful Mexican friends.

Refugees Barred. Americans just out of Mexico expressed a belief today that the war fever in the northern states of the republic is likely to cool as suddenly as it had risen. The based their opinions under harsh reality of economic conditions. Considerable relief was manifest in El Paso upon the publication of the order of the Mexican minister of war, directing that no refugees be allowed to cross the border. Some 4,000 Mexicans from the interior states have concentrated in Juarez in the last few days in the hope of crossing into the United States in search of work. Officers on this side of the river expressed a fear that a large influx of laborers and their families might bring with them some of the disease which has followed in the wake of years of strife in Mexico.

TO AID.

JUNE 19.—The Aero Club of America announced today that it would do all in its power to aid the United States government in the Mexican crisis by providing aeroplanes and aviators for patrol duty.

United States to Be Prepared in Case the Threats Are Carried Out by the Mexicans to Attack the American Troops Across the Border.

SEVERAL STATES ARE ALREADY GETTING THEIR NATIONAL GUARDSMEN TOGETHER

Troop Trains Are Moving Now at Full Speed toward the Border Where General Funston Will Assume Command of the State Militia Sent There by President.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Not since the Spanish-American war has the nation seen such military activity as today.

More than 100,000 national guardsmen in forty-five states were under orders to mobilize for Mexican service. They constitute virtually the entire militia strength of the United States. President Wilson to Secretary Baker issued the orders yesterday when it became apparent that the threatening conditions in northern Mexico were not improving.

Only drilling and recruiting will be in order among militia organizations for the present. All must be mustered into federal service. Later they will be sent to the border for patrol duty, releasing about 30,000 regulars for service in Mexico, if war actually develops.

Additional warships also were getting ready today to hurry south and stand by Mexican ports to protect Americans. Secretary Daniels after the militia order was issued ordered seven destroyers and nine other small vessels to join the American warships already in Mexican waters. No offensive attack on Mexico is contemplated. President Wilson only wants stronger forces to defend the border against bandit raids and to be prepared should Carranza troops carry out their threats to strike at American forces engaged in chasing bandits south of the border.

With about 100,000 militiamen under mobilization and about 50,000 troops already at the border the United States' reply to General Carranza's last note, demanding withdrawal of American troops, is ready to go forward. It announces a refusal to withdraw until Mexico curbs its own bandits and it is emphatic.

Unofficial reports received here today indicated that national guardsmen are mobilizing with a zest. In each state and the District of Columbia they are preparing to meet in a single concentration camp where they will drill pending further orders from the war department. Most units will have to recruit to the minimum standards required by the government.

Infantry, cavalry, artillery, signal and sanitary troops are included in the call. Only coast guard militia is not mobilized. Texas, New Mexico and Arizona guardsmen are already at the border under orders issued several weeks ago.

General Funston will determine when the militia organizations shall be despatched from their home states and to what points along the border.

While these troops were getting ready today war department officials were awaiting anxiously news of whether Major Anderson's squadron of cavalry was attacked by Carranza soldiers during a successful bandit chase south of the Rio Grande Saturday.

BRUMBAUGH CALLS GUARDS TO COLORS

(By Associated Press.)

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 19.—Orders were issued from the office of the adjutant general today calling upon the Pennsylvania National Guard, with the exception of the Ninth and Thirteenth regiments, to assemble in the armories of the various commands on Thursday and to move to Mt. Gretna, the state camp ground, on Saturday. All commands are expected to be under canvas by Monday morning.

GERMANS REPULSED.

PARIS, June 19.—A German attack on the French position north of Hill gion, 321 was repulsed by the French batteries yesterday, according to today's official statement. The Germans are continuing their bombardment at Dead Man hill and in the Chattancourt region.